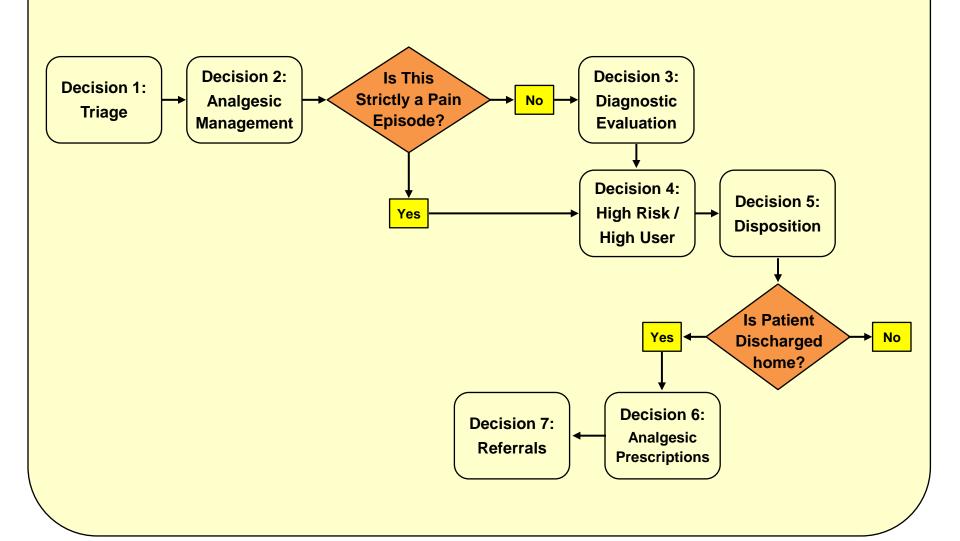
ED-SCANS: OVERALL DECISION SUPPORT ALGORITHM



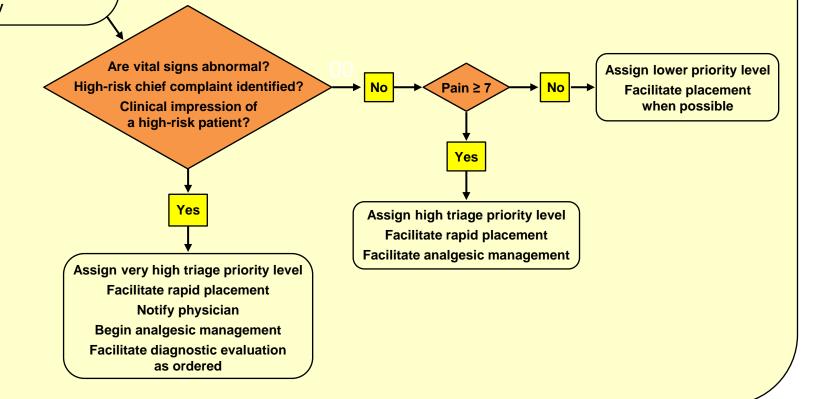
Abnormal vital signs: T>100.5F (38C), RR>22, SaO2<93%, HR<50 or >100

Chief complaints:

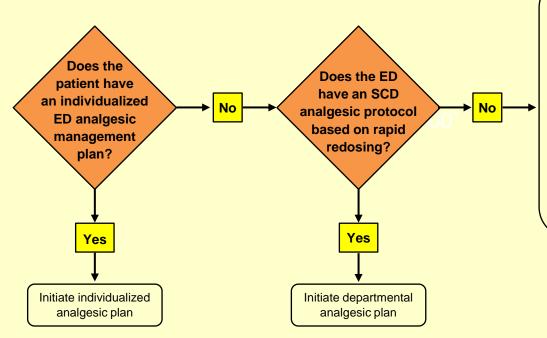
- · shortness of breath
- atypical pain (new location or generalized pain)
- · neurological headache
- confusion
- · neurological deficits
- seizures
- chest or abdominal pain
- priapism
- pregnancy

ED-SCANS DECISION 1

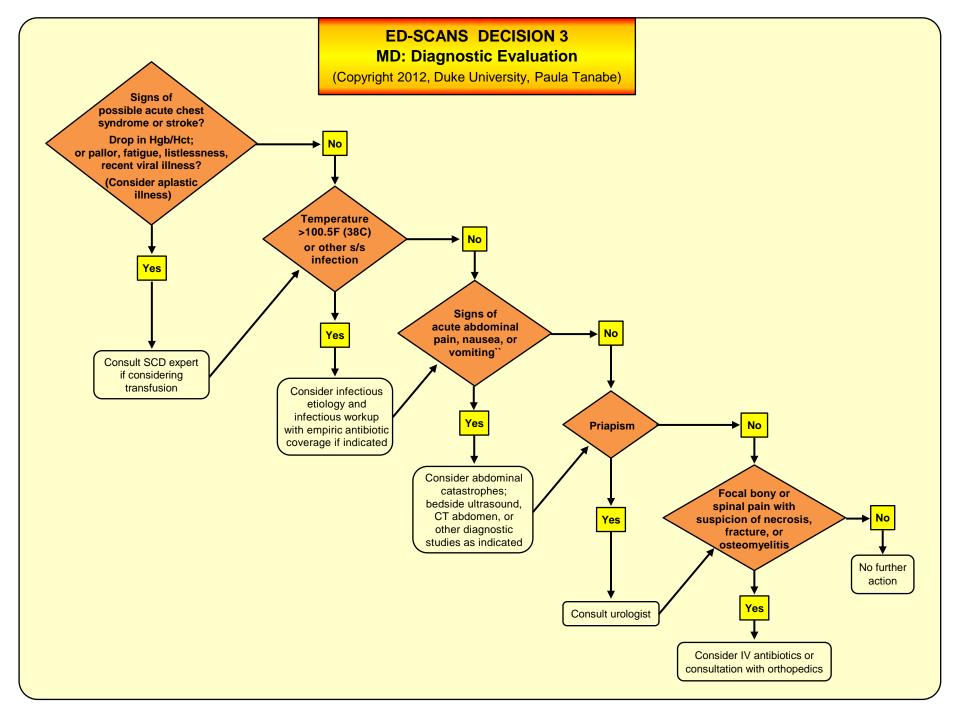
RN: Triage or Initial Nursing Assessment



ED-SCANS DECISION 2 RN/MD: Analgesic Management



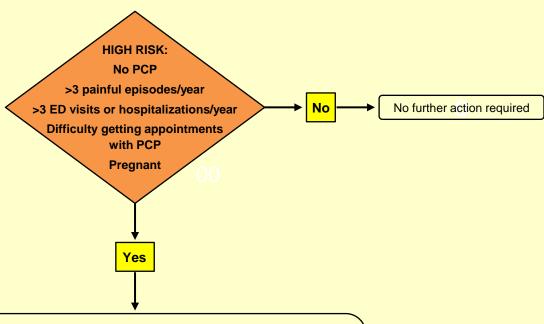
- Administer initial doses as IVP, or SQ if IV access is unavailable; avoid lower extremities for IV placement.
- Adults < 50 kg: morphine 0.15 mg/kg or hydromorphone 0.02 mg/kg are preferred agents and starting doses.
- Adults ≥ 50 kg: MS 5-10 mg, hydromorphone 1.5 mg.
- Consider PCA, especially in the context of observation or short-stay admission. Consider basal infusion if patient takes chronic daily opioids.
- Re-assess and re-administer analgesics q15 minutes, consider dose escalation.
- · Titrate to pain and sedation.
- Develop individual and ED SCD analgesic protocols.
- Develop individual plans based upon doses required to achieve good management.



ED-SCANS DECISION 4

RN/MD: High Risk of Severe Disease or High User

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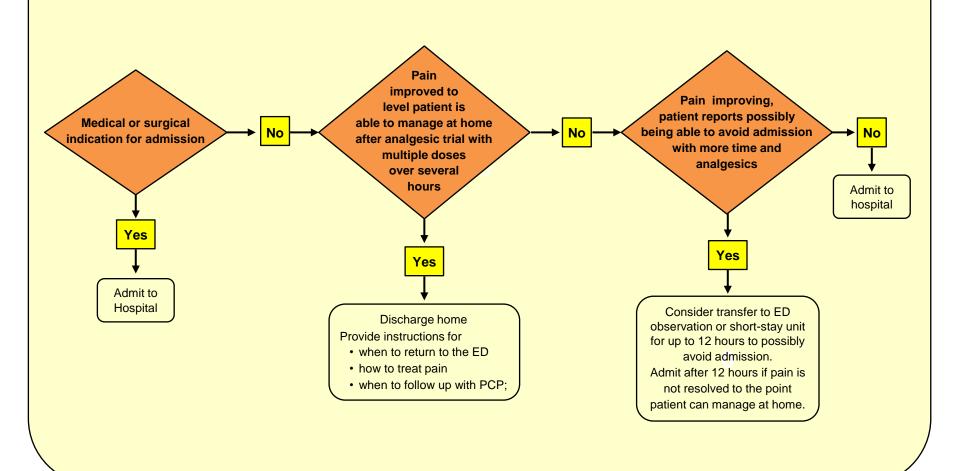
Establish ED / hospital QI team to work on challenges to provider follow-up access

Refer all patients for follow-up appointment with physician

Work with ED / hospital QI team to develop an individualized analgesic and management plan

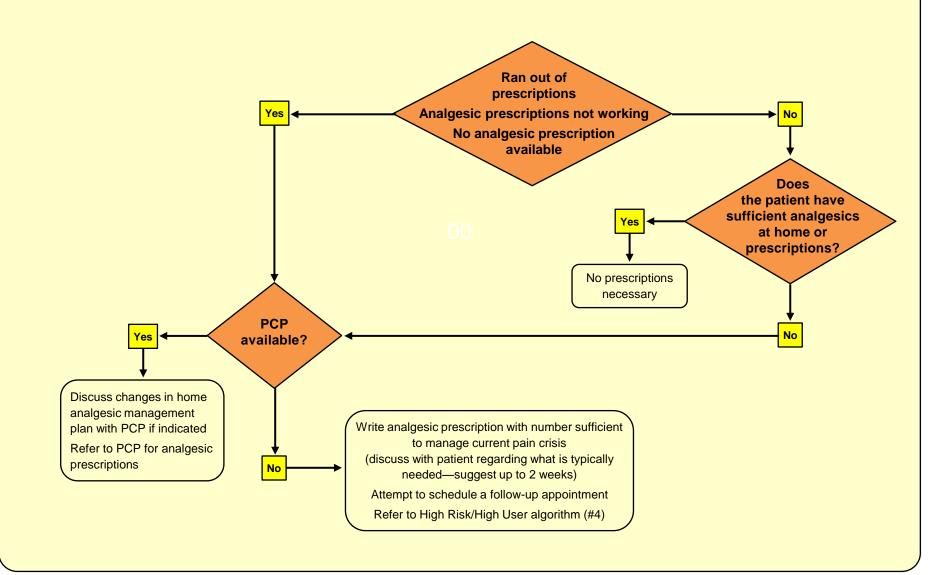
Consider referral to case management and/or ethics consultation Refer pregnant patients to high risk obstetrician

ED-SCANS DECISION 5 RN/MD: Disposition



ED-SCANS DECISION 6

MD: Discharge Analgesic Prescriptions (Patients discharged home from ED only)



ED-SCANS DECISION 7 MD/RN: Referrals (Patients discharged home from ED only) (Copyright 2012, Duke University, Paula Tanabe)

PCP or SCD Expert

